



No. 419 [Moose] Squadron were assigned 101 Lancaster Mk. X aircraft, and 36 returned to Canada after the war. 23 were transferred to other squadrons, 22 crashed, 38 were missing in action, and three were scrapped in England.



rfor valour'

KB732 - VR-X "X-Terminator" - 84 Ops Returned to Canada – [Pearce] scrapped.

KB762 - VR-J - 73 Ops Shot down 23 April 1945.

KB733 - VR-G "Goofy" - 70 Ops

Returned to Canada – [Pearce] scrapped.

KB746 - VR-S "Sierre Sue" - 68 Ops

Returned to Canada – [Pearce] scrapped.

KB761 - VR-H - 66 Ops

Shot down Hamburg 31 April 1945.

KB772 - VR-R - 64 Ops

Returned to Canada – [Pearce] scrapped.

KB722 - VR-A - 63 Ops

Crashed 5/6 January 1945, St. Quentin.

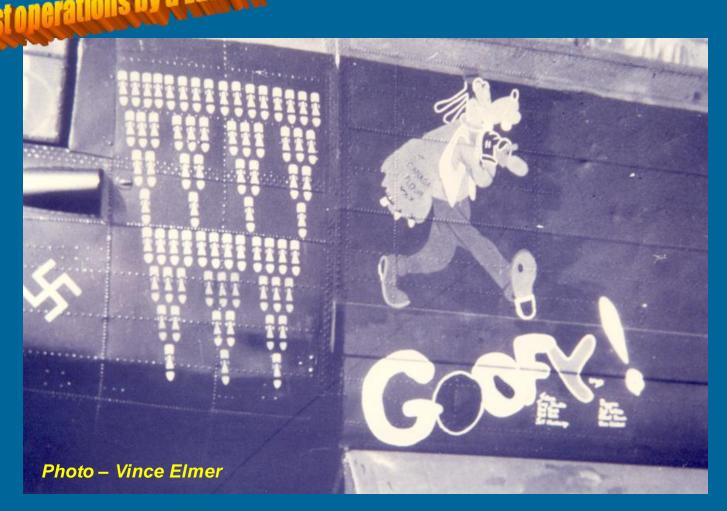
KB748 – VR-O - 59 Ops

Returned to Canada - [Pearce] scrapped.



The first operation with Canadian built Lancaster Mk. X aircraft took place on the 27/28 April 1944, when eight Lancaster and five Halifax aircraft in No. 419 [Moose] Squadron attacked the airfield at Montzen. One Halifax [R-Robert] was shot down and the crew of P/O R. A. McIvor were all killed.

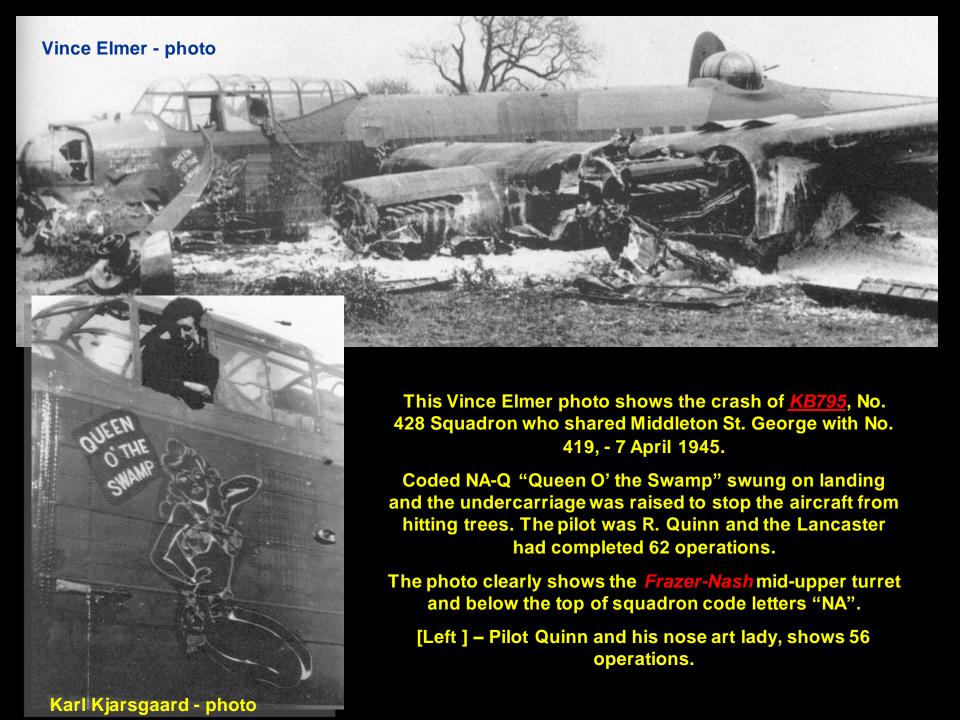
Three Lancaster aircraft returned to base, two with "hung-up" 1000 lb bombs and one with midupper gunner who suffered a collapsed right lung. [Sgt. L. G. Turner]. No. 419 declared a standdown on the last day of April and had the first official party in two and one-half years. The Kamloops Auxiliary surprised them with 200 lbs of moose meat and venison.



Lancaster KB733, VR-G, "Goofy" built at Malton Victory Aircraft in July 1943. Delivered to No. 419 [Moose] Squadron on 12 May 1944 and completed 70 operations until 25 March 1945. On 16/17 June 1944, flown by American pilot Lt. J.G. Hartshorn, hit by flak and severely shot up, wireless operation wounded, rear gunner claimed German Me410 as damaged. Pilot and bomb aimer received DFC. On 29/30 Lt Hartshorn was again hit by flak, engine on fire and landed on three engines. Completed 70 operations at end of war. Returned to 661 Wing Yarmouth, Nova Scotia on 5 June 1945. Sent to Camp Borden on 29 August 1945 and used for class instruction until 15 May 1948.



NCO at Bradbury informed the station by telephone that a "great-flash" had been seen in the air nearly. Before the flash the aircraft could be clearly heard. Cause unknown



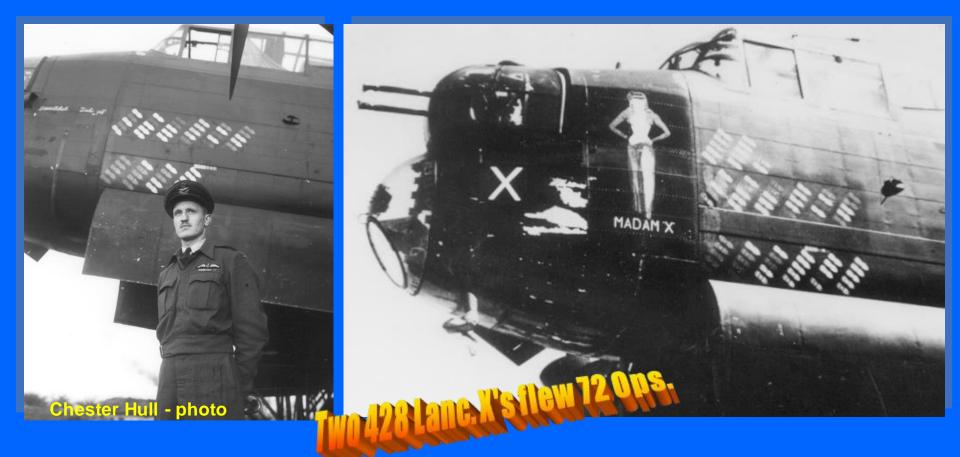
No. 428 [Ghost] Squadron flew their first Lancaster Mk. X operation on 14/15 July 1944, when seven aircraft departed Middleton-St-George. [KB737,704,758,725,742,705, and 739]

The last operational sortie by a No. 6 [RCAF] Group aircraft came to an end when F/O D.R. Walsh landed KB843, NA-D. at 20:36 Hrs., 25 April 1945.



With the end of hostilities No. 428 Squadron were selected as the first to return their Canadian built Lancaster aircraft home. On 31 May 1945, 19 Lancaster Mk. X's departed Middleton-St.-George for Canada.

The first to take off was F/L S.V. Eliosoff in KB891 [NA-F].



W/C Chester Hull received his DFC on 29 November 1944, and flew KB747 to Duisburg the next night. Crew - F/O Walsh, F/L Turnbull, F/O Ringham, f/O Mattison, F/O Campbell, F/O Bell, and F/O Passmore. After leaving the target area the complete nose of "Madam X" was lit up by a very light blue St. Elm's fire, which lasted for 20 minutes. On landing at base the nose art paint had been stripped from the Lancaster and "Madam X" was gone. The next day the ground crew painted a DFC ribbon on the nose KB747, and W/C Hull had his picture taken under the nose. In place of the missing nose art a crew member had painted - "Beautiful Take-Off.

W/C Hull lead No. 428 Squadron on 26 operations and eleven times he was flying in "Madam X. KB747 completed 72 operations and tied with KB760 for second most ops. flown in Lancaster Mk. X

With the end of hostilities it was time to return the Canadian built Lancaster's and crews to Canada. A total of 19 Lancaster's from No. 428 were the first to leave Middleton-St.-George on 31 May 1945.



Air Chief Marshal Arthur "Bomber" Harris speaks to 428 Squadron, far left stands Air Vice Marshal C.M. "Black Mike" McEwen and Air Marshal G.O. Johnson, air officer commanding-in-chief of the RCAF.

Delbert Todd - photo



No. 428 ground crew member Delbert Todd recorded the moment of take-off of his Lancaster [NA-G] KB848 "Fightin' Pappy", piloted by the crew of F/L Cox.



The crew and nose art of NA-G, KB848. The crew names not in order are – F/O Don Carr, F/L Herb Farb, Sgt. George Laoney, P/O Jack Galloway, pilot "Binding" Biden and Sgt. Ernie Wilkenson. The nose art was from the comic strip "Li'l Abner" by Al Capp, who created an extraordinary collection of bizarre citizens from Dogpatch.



Returned to Canada on 2 June 1945. Converted to Mk. 10DC [Drone Carrier] on 23 January 1957 as PX848

KB848 and KB851

Tested Ryan Firebee drones until 1961. SOC 3 April 1964 and scrapped.





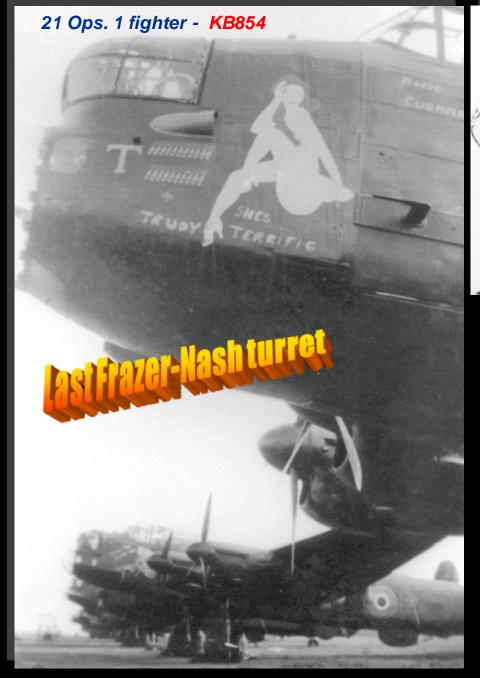
Plans were now being made for eight RCAF Bomber Squadrons known as "Tiger Force" for participation in the Pacific war against Japan. Nos. 405, 408, 419, 420, 425, 428, 431, and 434 Squadrons flew home across the Atlantic with 165 veteran and new Canadian-built Lancaster X's and most carried RCAF nose art.

Two of the 19 Lancaster's of 428 Squadron were indeed veterans, both having flown 72 operations. NA-P [P for Panic] KB760, flown by the crew of F/O R.L. Boyle from Portage La Prairie, Manitoba, departed England on 31 May and arrived Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, on 12 June 1945. Under a special arrangement between the RCAF and Victory Aircraft Ltd, Malton, KB760 was to be flown to the plant where she was built, so the employees could see one of the Lancaster aircraft they built.



On 13 June 1945, Boyle and his crew flew KB760 to Toronto, [Malton] and received a tremendous welcome from the Malton plant employees and citizens of Toronto. Four days later they returned to Yarmouth, Nova Scotia and went on 35 days leave.







This was the last Mk. X to be fitted with a Frazer-Nash [FN50] mid-upper turret. Assigned to No. 419 Squadron in June 45. Shot down a Me-410 on 1 February 1945, raid to Ludwigshaven, Germany. Crew of pilot L.A. Halket, Mid-upper was P/O D. W. Storme. Top photo May 45, England. Returned to Canada 5 June 45, parked at Yarmouth, N. S. when left photo taken. Remained at Yarmouth until 8 March 1946, then flown to Claresholm, Alberta. Scrapped 5 October 1955.



Official RCAF photo of the crew of pilot Cliff Pratt who flew KB739 to Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, on 5 June 1945. A early veteran who went to England on 25 August 1943, assigned to 428 [Ghost] Squadron as NA-W. Attacked by a Ju88 on 12 August 44 and repaired with code letter NA-Z. Flown by various crews June to April 1945. Nose art "Zoomin'Zombie", completed 56 operations and had bright blue spinners. In the spring of 1946 she went to Winter Experimental Establishment [WEE] at Namao, [Edmonton], Alberta. The war weary bomber was of little use and was replaced by FM148 in two months.



George F. Marks from Calgary recorded this photo of KB739 at an Edmonton junkyard in early 1948. George entered the photo in a contest and won first prize.



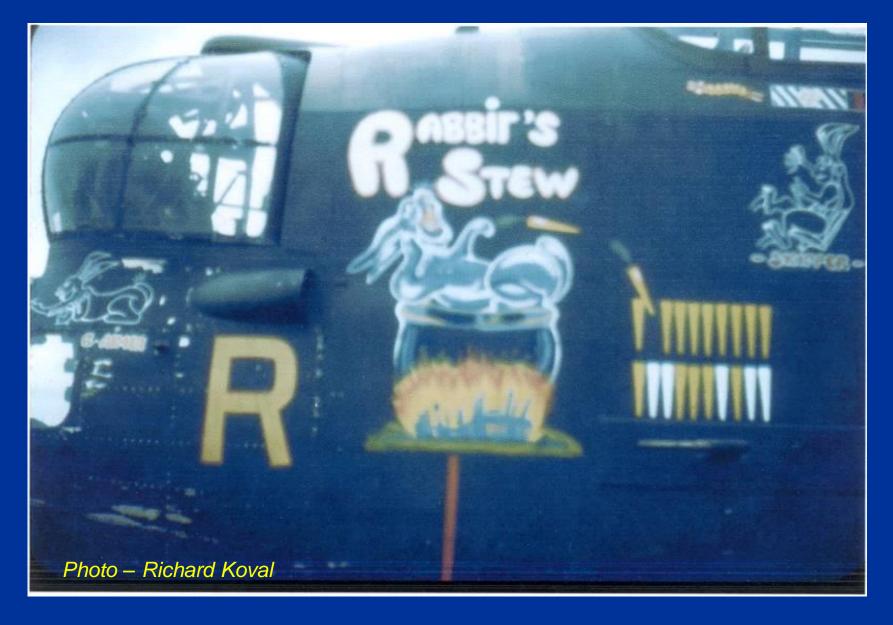
Left – KB882 in England, May 45. <u>"RABBIT'S</u> <u>STEW"</u> has flown 19 Ops.

Right - March 1952, at Malton modified to Mk. 10 Aerial Recon. nose extended 40 inches.









KB882 "Rabbit's Stew" No. 428 Squadron, at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, June 1945.









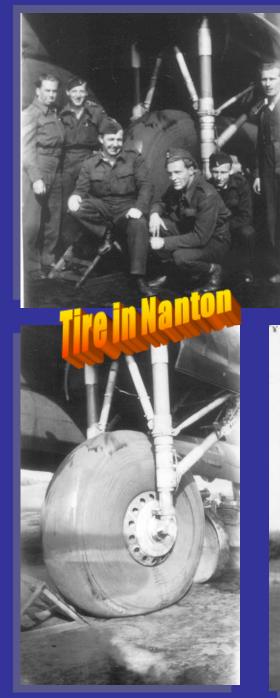




No. 662 [Heavy Bomber Wing] <u>"Tiger Force"</u>
Dartmouth, Nova Scotia. <u>No. 431 and 434</u> Lancaster's parked while the crews are on 35 days leave. The first two are No. 434, "The Hairy Chop" [E], and "Lady Orchid" [O], followed by No. 431 "Pete" [P]. Photo taken by *Harry Mosher* in mid-June 45. No. 662 Wing was formed on 15 July 1945.









KB 817 – Missing 1/2 Nov. 44 – KB821 missing 6/7 Jan. 45



No. 663 [Heavy Bomber Wing] <u>"Tiger Force"</u>
Debert, Nova Scotia, formed 1 August 1945.

Assigned to No. 420 [Snowy Owl] and 425 [Alouette] Squadrons RCAF.

The rare color nose art is KB930, KW-N of Alouette Squadron.

KB930 - England





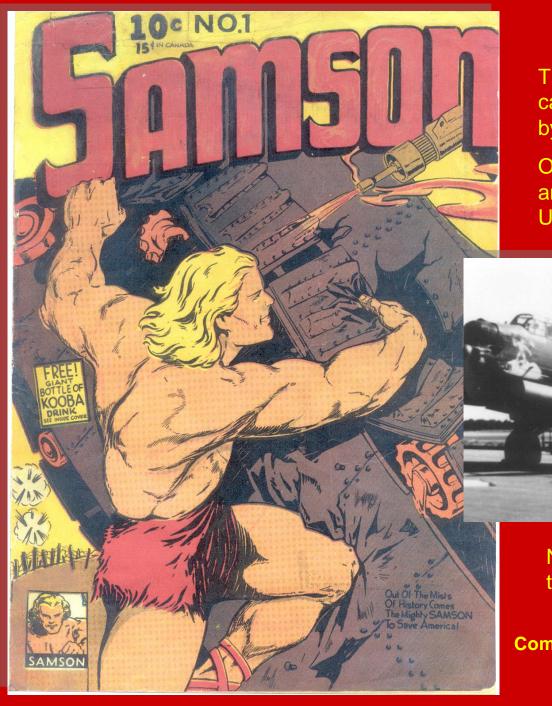
KB931 <u>"Samson"</u> KW-S, assigned to No. 425 Squadron May 1945.

Left photo - taken in England in May 45. Departed for Canada on 15 June 45, arrived at Debert, N. S. where color photo was taken. Flown to Pearce, Alberta, 8 Sept. and placed into long-term storage North Calgary.

Scrapped 15 April 1948.







The American comic titled "Samson" came out in October 1940, published by Fox Features Syndicate.

Only six issues were ever published and this first edition is worth \$1,200 US.

Note – small flying Alouette bird on tail fin.

Debert, Nova Scotia

Comic cover – Calvin Slobodian, Calgary

No. 664 [Heavy Bomber Wing] "Tiger Force" Greenwood, Nova Scotia, June 1945.

The new home of two of the most battle tested Squadrons of the RCAF in WW II.

No. 405 [Vancouver] and No. 408 [Goose] Squadron.

KB977, No. 405 Squadron, LQ-E "Easy Elsie", return to Canada on 17 June 1945, parked at Greenwood.

Nose Art painted by airframe mechanic Robert Douglas Sneddon of Calgary, Alberta.

Converted to Mk. 10 M.R. in 1950 and used at #2 O.T. U.
Greenwood until 1951.

Scrapped 28 August 1955

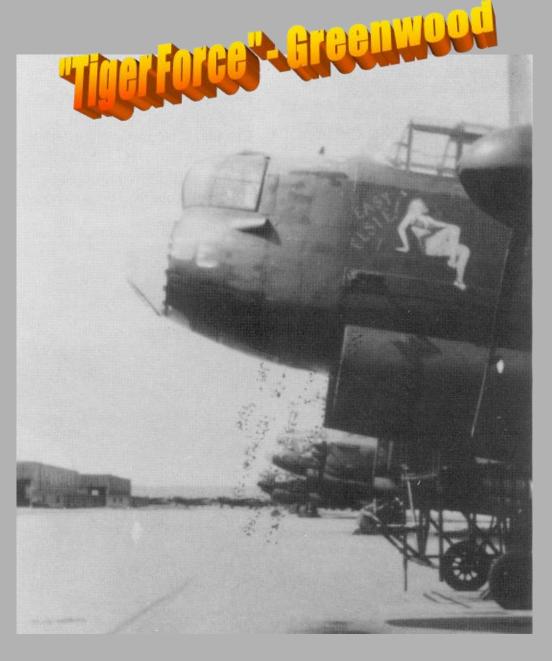
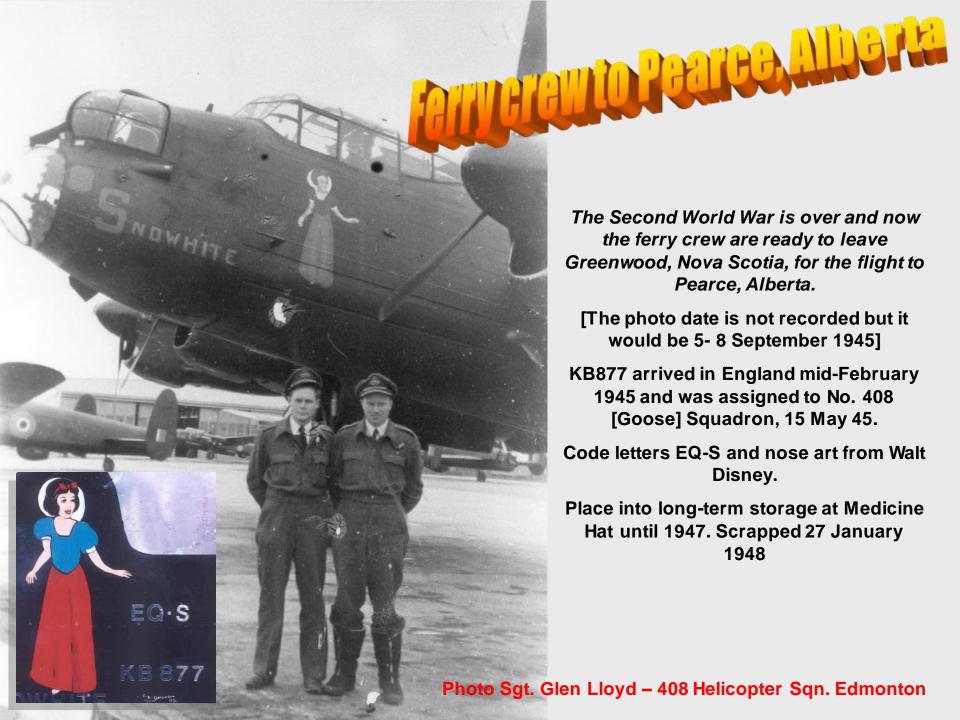


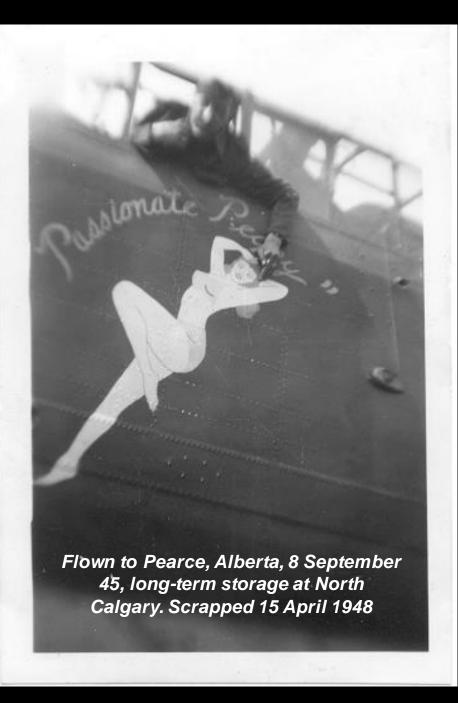
Photo - Base Commander Greenwood, [1993] Col. Ken Allen



Assigned to No. 405 Squadron in May 1945. Returned to Canada 17 June 45. Converted to Mk. 10MP as AG-965. Crashed at Alert, N.W.T. on 31 July 1950 killing eight man crew of W/C D. T. French. At 1,000 ft a parachute line caught on port side elevator and fouled the controls. All killed on impact with ground.







KB968, LQ-P "Passionate Peggy" assigned to No. 405 Squadron May 45, returned to Canada 17 June 45.

From the collection of Cpl. George Wright R76190, Calgary, Alberta. He was in charge of the ground crew on Lancaster LQ-J, PB627, until end of war. In May they were assigned new Canadian Mk. X's and the nose art was added before they left England.



Air Museum of Canada - Calgary

KB976 built March 45, assigned to No. 405 Squadron in late May 45, coded LQ-K. Converted to Mk. 10 AR and flew with No. 408 Sqn., as MN976. Flew the last squadron flight, had retirement party at Downsview. 1 April 1964, sold to Lynn Garrison of the "Air Museum of Canada" - Calgary. 4 July 64 it was flown at International Airshow and pilot Garrison and Ralph Langermann were charged with "flying without proper authority'.

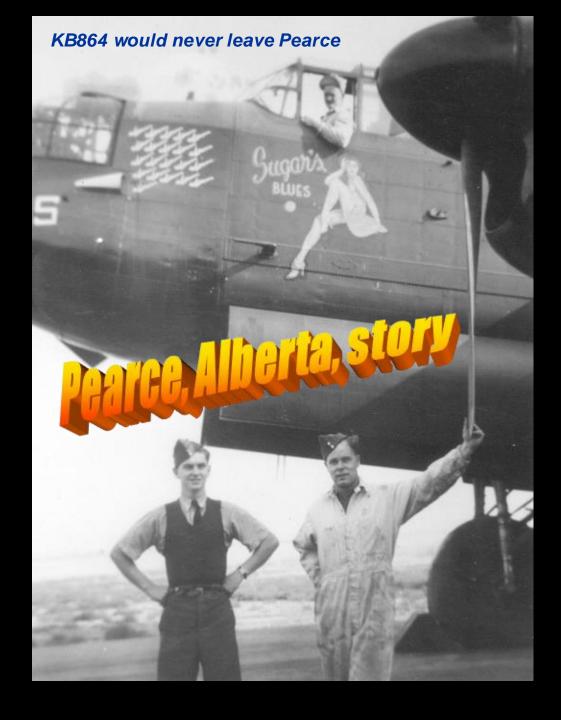


2 September 1945, Japan officially signs the terms of unconditional surrender.

With the cessation of hostilities "Tiger Force" is disbanded on 5 September 1945. A total of 83 veteran Lancaster aircraft are ordered flown to Pearce, Alberta.



The bombers leave Nova Scotia on 8 September and stop for fuel at RCAF Station Gimli, Manitoba. Next stop Pearce, Alberta.



Ray Wise joined the RCAF in December 1942, and after training spent thirty months at No. 10 Repair Depot at Calgary.

On 5 September 1945, RCAF orders posted Ray and three other mechanics to Pearce,
Alberta. [Ex-No. 2 Flying Instructors Training School – closed 20 Jan. 1945]

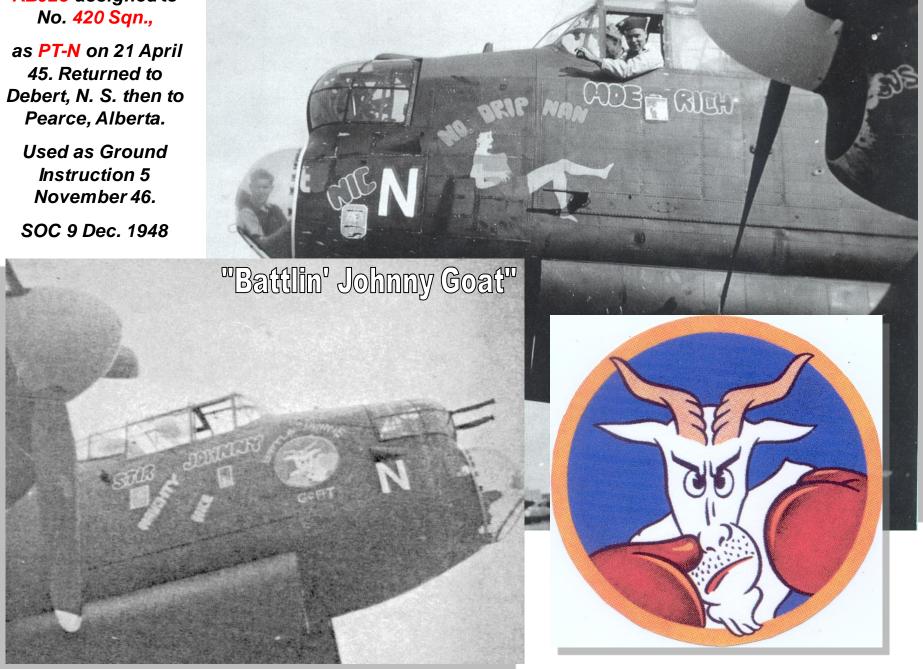
The N.C.O. in charge was Cpl. Edge, LAC Cook [cockpit], Wyers, [left] and Wise [hand on prop.]

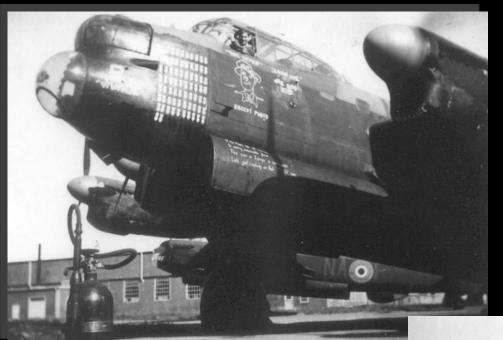
The four lived in a rented house in Fort Macleod and traveled to the vacant base each day.

On 8 September 1945, 83
Lancaster Mk. X veteran aircraft
arrived at Pearce, and most
contained RCAF nose art.

Ray Wise collection Wyers in nose **KB923** U Sentember 1945

KB923 assigned to No. 420 Sqn.,





10 September 45, LAC Wise runs up the Merlin's on <u>KB760 No. 428</u>
<u>Squadron [P for Panic].</u> The second most operations [72] flown by a Canadian Lancaster in WW II.

Background is KB891, NA-F, which was scrapped 16 January 1947 along with NA-P, KB760.

LAC Wyers, Cpl. Edge, and LAC Cook, stand in front of the most famous Canadian built Lancaster, KB732, "X-Terminator". The date is 10 September 45, and after shooting down two German fighters and completing [84] operations she will be flown to North Calgary, placed into long-term storage until 15 May 1948 and then broken up for scrap.





Cpl. Edge in No. 434 [Bluenose] KB893, WL-X for "Xotic Angel"

Replica painting by Simonsen

Converted to 10 M.P. and crashed at Goose Bay, on 25 April 1952.

Four killed seven survived





LAC Wyers in *KB860, VR-L* for "Lanky" from No. 419 Squadron.

Placed into long-term storage at Medicine Hat, then disposed on 27 January 1948.

KB746, VR-S, No. 419 Sqn., arrived in England August 1944. Hit by flak on 29/30 Aug. 44, Mid-Upper Sgt. Jigursky jumped. Crew returned to base. Attacked by Me-262, 8 Aug. 45, pilot G. McMurtie, no damage. Completed [67] operations. Stored at Pearce, Alberta, scrapped 16 January 1947.





KB812, SE-F [Fox] No. 431
Squadron. England – June
1944, [39 Ops], returned to
Dartmouth, N. S., 5 June 1945.
Arrived Pearce, Alberta, 8
Sept. and went into long-term
storage at Claresholm. SOC 6
April 1950.

Photos – Ray Wise 10 September 45.

KB861, SE-Q No. 431
Squadron "Our Squaw" with
nose art of Red Indian.

Assigned England January 1945, flew at least [13 Ops.]

Returned to Canada [Dartmouth] 7 June 45. SOC 24 August 1954.





"Simcoe Warrier II"

KB801 first assigned to No. 428 Squadron INA-FJ in Nov. 1944. Reassigned to No. 431 Squadron in December 44 and flew on the Hamburg raid 31 March 1945. Attacked by Me262's from Staffel III/JG.7 and rear gunner shot down one and claimed a second. The pilot F/O C. E. G. Heaven and crew returned to base and WO W. Kuchma received a DFC.

Stored long-term at Claresholm and converted to Mk. 10S at Greenwood. Used for naval fighter affilition until 8 May 1956.

Smoothing
THE PRODUCTION

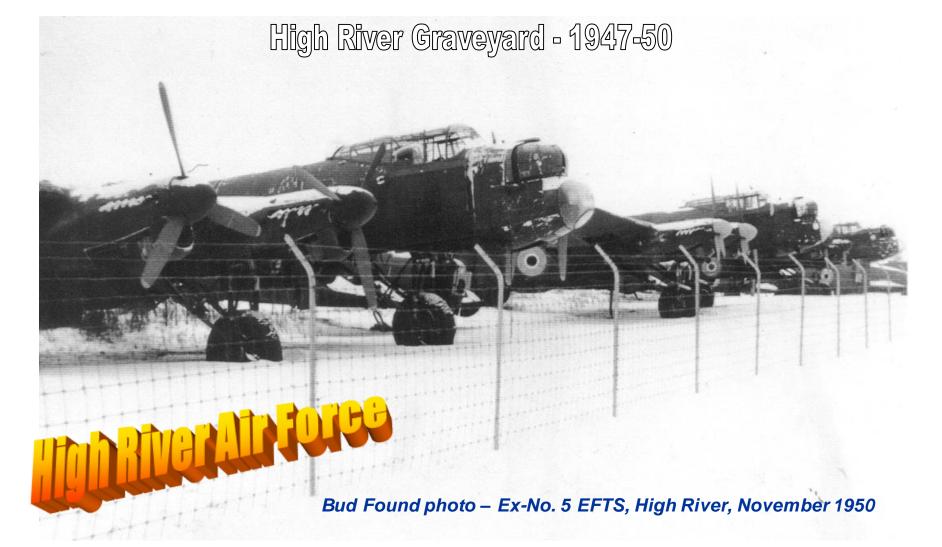
Flown from Dartmouth, N. S. to Pearce on 8 Sept. 45 and photo by Ray Wise – 10 September 1945.



Superman was first published in <u>Action Comics</u> in 1938, created by two teenagers in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1932. American born Jerry Siegel and Toronto born Joe Shuster sold the full rights to Dectective Comics who published it in Action Comics. The reader response was so great the man of steel appeared in his own comic ["Superman #1"] in 1939.

KB847 was assigned to No. 431 Squadron in January 1945 with code SE-R. The nose art became Superman with name <u>R for "Rocket"</u>. Return to Darmouth, N. S. on 7 June 1945, Pearce, and then into long-term storage at Claresholm. SOC 24 August 1950.





In January 1947, the Canadian Government decided to sell off long-term storage Lancaster aircraft. 16 Jan. – <u>17 sold</u>, 22 Jan. 24 – <u>24 sold</u>, and 13 May 47 – <u>7 sold</u>. High River farmer <u>Albert Hoving purchased 44 for \$17,000</u> and had them flown to High River base. He also obtained sixty Merlin engines in storage containers and tons of small parts. By the fall of 1950, the complete collection remained at the base, untouched.







<u>High River – November 1950</u>

The Albert

CALGARY, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1947

Buys His Old Bomber To Give To Its Crew

to dismantle her and send All to name the craft Wee Savage-he's now an income tax inspector at Victoria-who was my shortened to Lady Orchi old navigator, his desk. Bruce Baird, my rear gunner who lives Jenkins painted the letter in Olds will get the rear turret. name, and other member. Neil McLean, now living in Ux- crew drew the Lady he bridge, Ont., who was wireless operator will get his wireless key and Lady Godiva and Lady On table. Dick Foss, my flight engin- Lady Orchid rode a boml eer who is now a student at Mc- of a horse. Gill University in Montreal will

operations followed in w cockpit. The only difference

"I did 13 trips over Ger get his panel and Pete Hines of it and then flew it back to Cana-Waterloo, Ont., who was my bomb | da in June, 1945," Mr. Jerkins exaimer will get his panel, and I plan | plained. "We never got into one

KB895 "Lady Orchid"

The lady flew fully nude for 15 operations, then received two red Maple Leafs for the return to Canada.





On Friday 13 April 1945, F/L Ron Jenkins and crew flew operation No. 13 to Kiel, Germany. They took off at 20:20 hrs with one 4,000 lb and eight 1,000 bombs. The target area was covered in low cloud but the markers and red glow of the fires could be clearly seen. Twice Jenkins had to corkscrew and drive to avoid German night fighter attacks. Total time flown 6 hrs. and 5 minutes.



By 1949, the Malton <u>A.V. Roe Canada</u>Ltd. had modified over 70 Lancaster Mk. X's for post-war RCAF service. With work on the C-102 Jetliner and full production on the CF-100 jet fighter the plant could no longer modify the Lancaster bombers, so they sub-contracted to de Havilland Aircraft Canada. On 28 August 1950, FM213 and nine other new Lancaster aircraft were dismantled, and taken by road transport to de Havilland for modification.

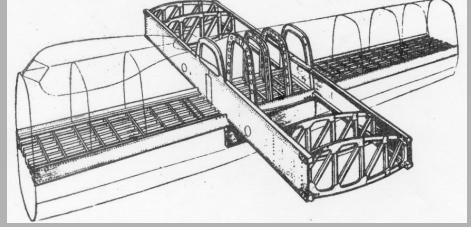


FM213 was converted to a 10P for Photo Reconnaissance and test flown 16 December 1951.

Assigned to No. 405
Squadron at Greenwood,
N. S. it was being ferried to
the new base when it was
stalled, and ground-looped
on landing at Trenton, 24
January 1952.

The Lancaster dropped fifty feet, bounced three times, the starboard tire blew and undercarriage collapsed, then ground-looped and ended up facing the opposite direction in a snow bank.

Upon inspection the aircraft was considered unsalvageable. It was dismantled and trucked back to de Havilland for spare parts. After further consideration it was found the aircraft could be flown again if they could find a new centre section. Bud Found called the farmer in Penhold, Alberta, and ask if he would sell KB895, [Lady Orchid]. The answer was — "YES".

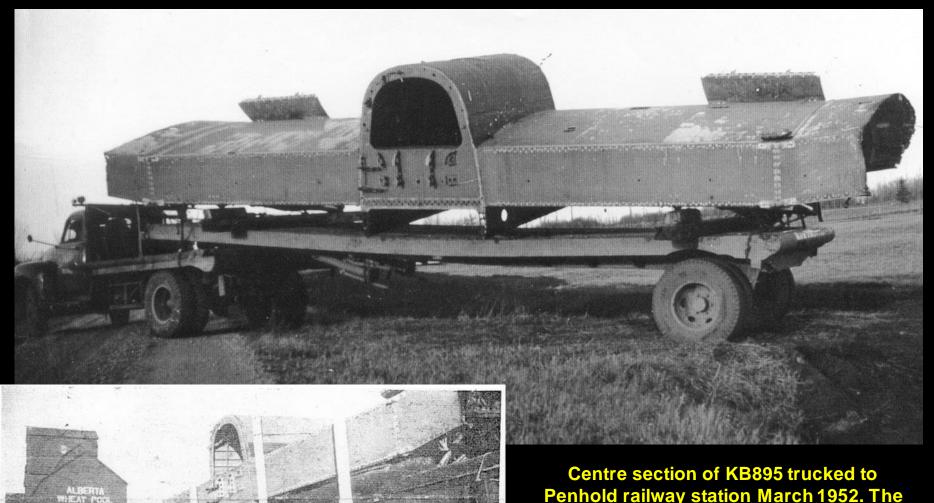




Under the supervision of Bud Found "lady Orchid" KB895, is removed from the cement columns at Penhold, Alberta, March 1952.



"Lady Orchid" being cut-up.



Centre section of KB895 trucked to Penhold railway station March 1952. The largest flatcar in Canadian was sent from New Brunswick to ship the centre section to Toronto.

The centre section was mated with FM213 and test flown by Bob Fowler on 26 August 1953.



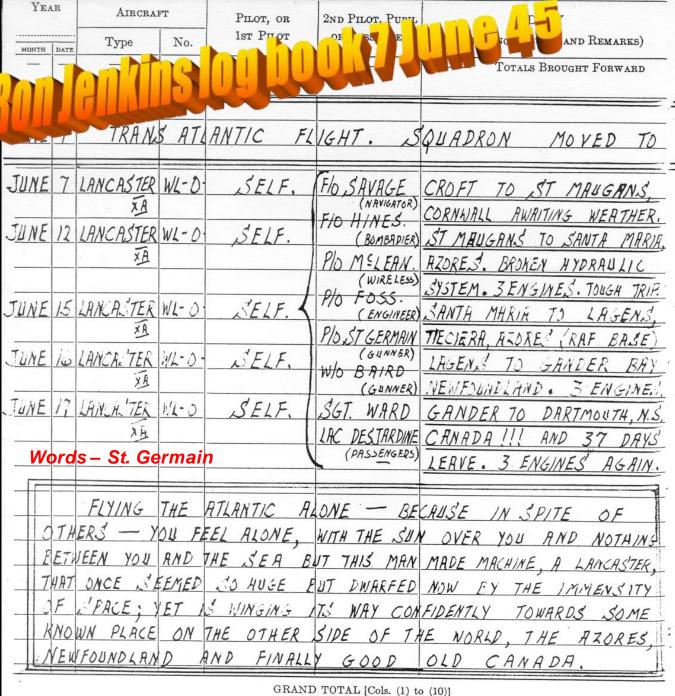
In May of 1965, "The Air Museum of Canada" opened in building #9, at McCall Field. The President of the new formed <u>Lancaster</u>

<u>Memorial Trust Fund</u> was Lynn Garrison. The committee was – Art Smith, Milt Harradence, Fred Wethrall, Tony Lansdown, Don Patterson, and Ron Jenkins.

Formed Harry Hayes Stampede breakfast.
Associate Director of the Calgary Stampede, honorary president and director of the Calgary YMCA, member of the board of directors of the United Fund and a council member of the Chamber of Commerce. Chapter president of the Better Business Bureau, past president of the Calgary Tourist and Convention Center and member of the Mount Royal College of governors.

Past president of the Calgary Rotary Club, founder of the South Calgary Rotary Club, past president of the Petroleum Club, president to the Calgary and District community Foundation, a member of the Ranchmen's Kanykeena and Glencoe Clubs.

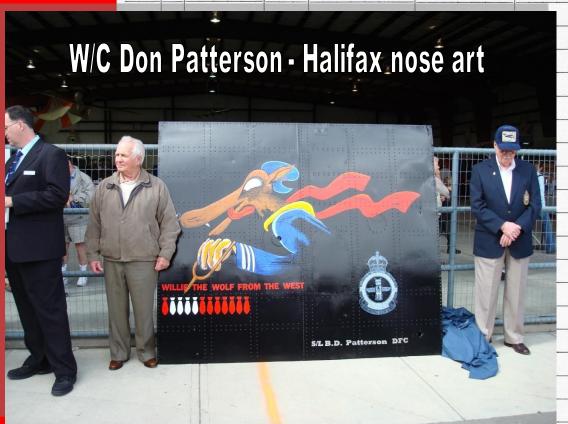
Director of the Calgary Flying Club and member of the CNIB board of directors.



-698 Hrs. -40. - Mins.

TOTALS CARRIED FORWARD

YEAR 1945 MONTH DATE		Aircraft		Pilot, or	2nd Pilot, Pupil	DUTY
		Туре	No.	1st Pilot	or Passenger	(Including Results and Remarks)
_	-	_	_	_		— Totals Brought Forward
JULY				W/C PATTERSON		TRIP FROM DARTMOUTH, N.S., TO CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.
L	as	t entry in	Jenk	ins log book	(





GRAND TOTAL [Cols. (1) to (10)]
699 Hrs. 95 Mins.

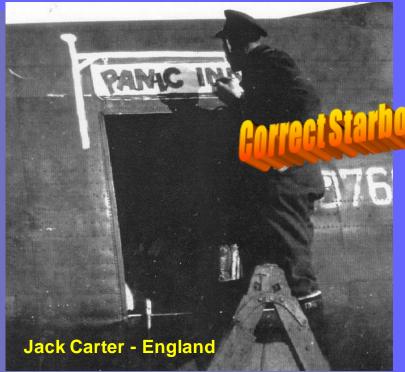


Lancaster KB760, [NA-P]





WHEN THE "GHOST" SQUADRON of the RCAF, reached its 2,000th "walk," the members decided on a celebration of the RCAF, reached its 2,000th "walk," the members decided on a celebration of the RCAF, reached its 2,000th "walk," the members decided on a celebration of the members decided on







Calgary to Trenton - 1951

Fred Monteith [404 Squadron] Left Greenwood last day of April 1951 flying Dakotas, arrived No. 10 R.D. Calgary on 2 May. Next day departed for East in KB937, overnight stop Fort William [Thunder Bay] arrived Trenton 4 May. Next six weeks ferried KB966, 871, 657, 992, and 958, last arrived Trenton on 14 June 1951.





KB919 returned to Greenwood 17 June 45. Became proto-type for Mk. 10 M.R. 29 October 1950. No. 2 [O.T.U.] Greenwood ["VC-DJD"] until 25 August 55.



KB929 returned Canada 14 June 45. Converted to Mk. 10 M.R. issued to No. 2 [O.T.U.] as ["VC-AGB"] until 13 September 1955



THE





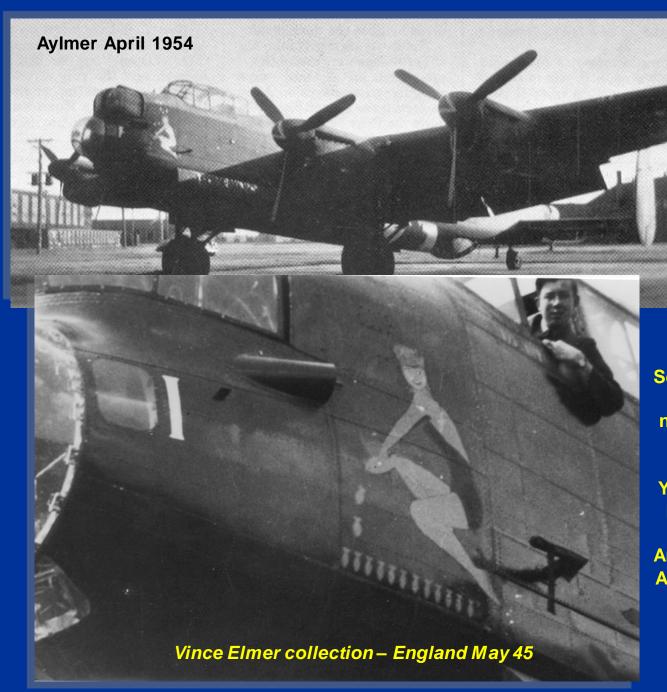
"Linden Rose at No. 14 SFTS, Aylmer, Ontario, 1948



KB721, VR-B "Linden Rose" arrived in England 15 April 1944, delivered to [AAEE] Boscombe Downs for armourment inspection.

Arrived with No. 419 Sqn. In August 44. 23/24 Oct. 44 F/O Blaney and crew attacked by Fw190. Attacked by two night-fighters in November 44. Return to Canada to Yarmouth. Assigned to Aylmer, Ontario for class instruction [A448] until 1948.

Sold to Cameron Logan and hauled to Scotland, Ontario, scrapped 25 November 1948



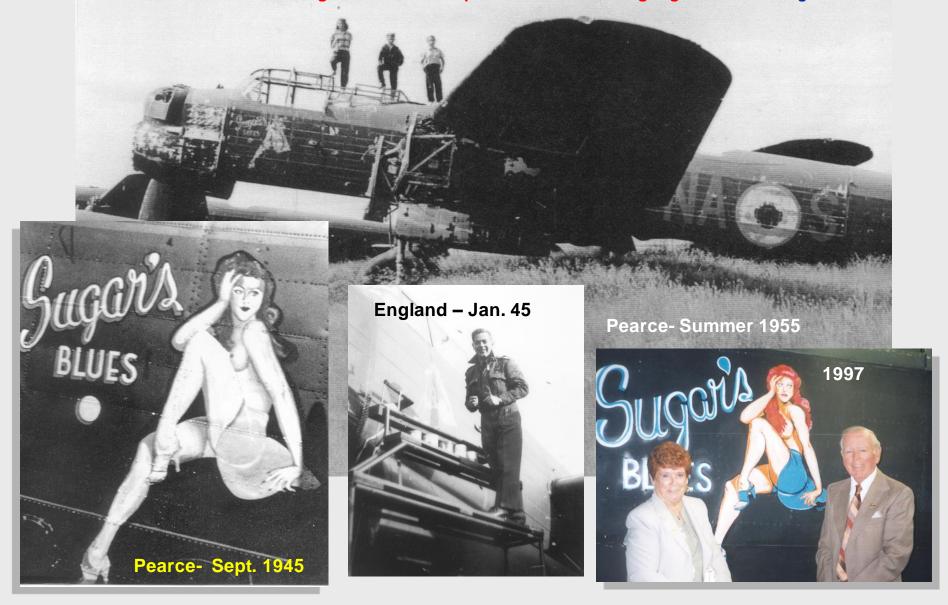
On 14/15 January 1945, 573 Lancaster aircraft attacked Leuna synthetic-oil industry and three Canadian Mk. X's were lost. [KB799, KB806, and KB769 -"VR-I" in 419 Squadron]

The crew of F/L G.O. Tedford [KB769] were all killed.

KB878 [VR-I] replaced the lost Lancaster in 419
Squadron in mid-March 1945.
The new Lanc. Received nose art lady and 14 bombs, but flew no active operations. Returned to Yarmouth and went to Camp Borden as class instructor [A538] on 8 October 1946.
Arrived in Aylmer, Ontario, 27
April 1954 and was scrapped by Cameron Logan at Scotland, Ontario.



In 1931, Clyde McCoy released a jazz instrumental titled "Sugar Blues". The record went straight to #2 and sold over two million [Columbia] records, which caused a sensation in the record world. Re-released in 1936, [Decca Records] it sold over one million by 1946. American pilot Latumer was named by his crew Capt. "Overshoot" as he had crashed – KB766, and KB795, now he flew KB864 which he named after his number one tune. Wireless-Air/Gunner Sgt. Thomas Walton painted the Jan. 45 Vargas girl named – "Sugar's Blues".







J.W. Madill photo at <u>Penhold</u> Summer - 1953





The End